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## Development of Transient µSR at J-PARC

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To obtain one time-differential  $\mu$ SR spectrum using a conventional technique, we must wait around  $10^2$  minutes. In the majority of  $\mu$ SR experiments, the  $\mu$ SR spectrum is recorded as a function of temperature. Thus, such a long recording time  $(t_{record})$  has not been a serious problem, because the lead time  $(t_{read})$  for stabilizing temperature requires typically 10-20 min, which is shorter than the recording time ( $t_{lead} < t_{record}$ ). However, due to the developments of the high-intensity pulsed muon beam with a repetition of 25 Hz in J-PARC MUSE and the multi-detector counting system, the recent data recording time is very short compared with the time to stabilize the measurement condition  $(t_{record} < t_{lead})$ , which makes  $t_{lead}$  a significant bottleneck for the advanced  $\mu$ SR measurements. In order to solve this problem, we are developing a novel data record and analysis technique to use a high-intensity muon beam more efficiently. In the novel technique named transient  $\mu$ SR, the sample environment, such as temperature and magnetic field, is continuously changing during the  $\mu$ SR measurements. Positron events in each muon pulse are recorded as multidimensional data, i.e., along with the number of pulses and the changing parameter. The whole data is then resorted as a function of the parameter. This transient  $\mu$ SR technique also enables us to study a transient phenomenon that is now unavailable with the standard  $\mu$ SR technique. It should be emphasized that the feasibility of this technique crucially depends on the intensity of the pulsed muon beam. We have also developed a new software based on ROOT to analyze the huge number of the  $\mu$ SR spectrum within a reasonable amount of time. We will introduce the analysis software how to analyze the transient  $\mu$ SR data and report the results obtained under dynamic sample environments.

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